



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1874.

The ceremonies attending the annual strewing of flowers on the graves of the Confederate dead at Loudon Park Cemetery, near Baltimore, took place yesterday afternoon in the presence of a large concourse of people, notwithstanding the rainy weather. The ceremonies embraced addresses by General Bradley T. Johnson, Major Henry Kyd Douglas, and Mr. John A. Inglis, and the reinterment of the remains of several Confederate soldiers. Some of the floral tributes, crosses and crowns, were very handsome, and every grave was decorated. A wooden cross about eight feet high was erected, and was covered with wreaths and chaplets of the rarest flowers. One very pretty floral cross that was placed beside the large one attracted much attention, as it was accompanied by the following lines:

"An American soldier who fought, as he believed to be right, on the side of the Union, very feelingly deposits these flowers at the grave of an American soldier who fought and fell, as he believed to be right, on the side of the Confederacy. Within the enclosure of Loudon Park Cemetery rests the remains of hundreds of valiant soldiers of both the North and the South. Can there be a more holy altar, or more fitting place for the active spirits of the two great sections to meet than at the graves of their departed comrades? In this sacred earth let us plant the olive, and, nurturing it with tears of a common sympathy in our mutual suffering and loss, see its broad and grateful shadow wave over the length and breadth of our glorious Republic."

In the Senate on Tuesday Mr. Logan introduced a bill to incorporate the "Commercial Railway Company." This Company is to build a road, having four or more tracks, from New York to some convenient point in Ohio or Indiana, and from thence one branch is to diverge to Chicago and another to St. Louis. The Company is to have the privilege of extending the road from Chicago to any point on the Mississippi river above St. Louis. The road is to be commenced within two years, and finished within twelve years from the enactment of the bill. The rates for transportation of passengers and freight are to be fixed by a commission composed of three persons, appointed by the President of the United States, one person by the Governor of each State through which the road shall pass, and three persons by the corporation, but charges shall not exceed ten cents per bushel of grain by ear load, balk freight, and thirty-six cents per barrel of flour from Chicago or St. Louis to Jersey City. The names of the proposed incorporators are left blank.

The people of Talbot county, Md., held a meeting at Easton on the 2d inst., to give formal expression to the esteem in which they held their late distinguished fellow citizen, Admiral Franklin Buchanan, and to tender to the bereaved members of his family the assurance of their kindest sympathy in the great sorrow that his death has brought upon them. On the committee of five appointed to prepare resolutions of respect were two of the most influential Republicans on the Eastern Shore, Dr. Samuel A. Harrison and Henry H. Goldsborough, both of whom delivered eulogies, in which they warmly commended the private virtues as well as the public services of the illustrious dead.

The House of Representatives, yesterday, passed the Geneva Award Bill, which provides for the payment of all direct losses by means of Confederate cruisers, not being confined to those inflicted by the vessels for which England was held to be responsible; of the amount of war premiums paid by owners of vessels on account of the depredations of these cruisers, without regard to whether their vessels were or were not captured; and of the losses of those insurance companies whose books may show that they have received less from premiums than they have had to pay to the insured.

The civil suits so long pending in New York against Tweed, Ingersoll, Woodward, Garvey, and Conolly were brought to a close in the Court of Appeals on Tuesday, which, in rendering a decision in Ingersoll's case, virtually decided all the others. The suits were brought by the State, and the decision of the Court is that the State had no right to sue—the title to the money being in the county of New York. The effect of the decision is to release the bondsmen of all the parties. Suits will now be commenced in behalf of the county.

The conference committee of the two Houses of Congress on the disagreeing vote on the bill with reference to the Freedmen's Bank, and its branches, has not yet held a meeting. The Evening Star gives out on the authority of a member of the committee on the part of the House, that the conference committee will recede from the Senate bill, for the reason that the House of Representatives have given the affairs and management of the institution more study and research than the Senate.

The Senate Committee on Claims yesterday concluded the consideration of the House bill appropriating about \$700,000 to pay the awards made by the Southern Claims Commission in favor of about one thousand Unionists throughout the South.

The Lynchburg News says: "Gov. Kemper recently wrote a letter to Mr. John T. Scott, of Fauquier county, condemning the independent candidacy of Col. John S. Mosby, and expressing his disapproval of Mosby's erratic political course."

Nearly a thousand bills are recorded on the books of both Houses of Congress, all of which have been introduced too late to even secure the consideration of a committee.

The London Times publishes a dispatch from Berlin, which gives the probable action of the Congress which will assemble at Brussels next month to consider the subject of international right in time of war. The Times correspondent says the Congress will codify the recognized usages of international law in so far as they affect the actual conduct of war. A new code is to be enacted in the form of an international treaty, which promises to become the first law common to the whole civilized world. The draft of a treaty which is to be submitted to the Congress has been prepared. It contains seventy-six clauses, which state in detail the rights and obligations of belligerents, from the mutual claims of belligerent States down to the relations of those States to private individuals. They also specify what classes of arms shall be legitimately used in war, and make regulations for the treatment of prisoners.

J. C. Bancroft Davis, at present Assistant Secretary of State, has been nominated by the President to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the German Empire.

The report of the City Registrar of the city of Charleston, S. C., shows that the rate of mortality among the colored population is twice as great as among the white inhabitants.

Philadelphia has made an appropriation of \$1,000,000 to provide more public school houses, and another loan for the same purpose is talked of.

At the next meeting of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs the resolution for the recognition of the independence of Cuba will be considered.

The Culpeper Observer says: Squirrels are more numerous than for years. Crows are also numerous and troublesome.

We acknowledge the receipt of an invitation to attend the commencement exercises at Washington and Lee University.

NEWS OF THE DAY

"To show the very age and body of the Times"

The Galveston News' special dispatch from Rockport, Texas, says it has been ascertained that the recent murders of Mr. Swift and wife were two Mexicans. They were traced to a Mexican rancho on Blanco creek, twelve or fifteen miles from Goliad. The party in pursuit charged the house Tuesday morning and attempted to take it by storm, but one of them, Dan Holland, was killed in the attempt. The party then withdrew to a safe distance to await reinforcements. A large party have left Rockport for the scene of the conflict.

A portion of the personal property belonging to the late Senator Sumner was sold at Boston yesterday, and attracted a large attendance. The articles sold consisted principally of china, glass and other pieces of table ware, with some vases and parlor ornaments. Good prices were realized. The Sumner memorial fund amounts to \$15,000.

At a meeting of the American Society of Engineers, now holding a Convention in New York, the committee on the bursting of the Williamsburg dam reported that they had examined the remains of the dam and found defects of the grossest character, indicating that the work had been done by inexperienced persons.

General O. O. Howard and Dr. Garnett, of Washington; Dr. Raffner, State superintendent of education of Virginia, and some seventy-five other prominent patrons of education, arrived at Fortress Monroe yesterday to attend the closing exercises of the Hampton (Va.) normal school, which takes place to-day.

G. W. Campbell has been arrested near Blacksburg, Va., for passing counterfeit fifty cent notes. The names of a number of others who are known to be dealing in bogus money have been ascertained, and they will probably be arrested.

The feeling in Paris against the Bonapartists members of the Assembly who insulted Gaubetta on Tuesday is so bitter that a guard was put on the train which conveys the Deputies from Versailles to Paris to protect them from the violence of the mob.

In the French Assembly yesterday an amendment to the General Electoral bill was passed, fixing the age for the exercise of the elective franchise at twenty-one years, instead of twenty-five years, as proposed by the Government.

A Boston dispatch says that the yacht America, owned by General B. F. Butler, ran ashore on Rams Horn Spit, in Beverly harbor, yesterday morning. She lies in a bad position, and is full of water.

An invoice of flour was received yesterday at Galveston, Texas, direct from Kansas City, Mo., and another shipment of 30,000 bushels of corn is expected, on route to Liverpool.

The Synod of the Reform Church, lately in session at Poughkeepsie, New York, refused to sanction the proposed union with the Presbyterian Church, and adjourned.

Several persons were struck by lightning in the appalling thunder storm which swept over New York city on Tuesday evening.

The State Convention of Indiana Farmers, in session at Indianapolis, nominated a full ticket for State officers yesterday.

George Von Beck was beaten to death in a saloon brawl in Kingston, N. Y., Tuesday, by Patrick McGee and John Kabb, who have fled.

A boat containing three insurgent Cuban chiefs, one of whom is named Benecourt, has been captured and taken into Nuevitas.

The death sentence of Schmidt, a Canadian murderer, has been commuted to imprisonment for life.

During the discussion of the Geneva Award bill, in the House of Representatives, yesterday, Mr. Tremain asked Mr. Fry, of Maine, what authority he had for stating that Mr. Evans was the attorney of the Underwriters at Geneva.

Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts—His own statement before the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Tremain said he sent a letter here yesterday denying it.

Mr. Butler—I he was here and made that statement I would throw it back to him.

Mr. Kellogg, of Connecticut—He could not make the statement here. You could refuse to allow him.

Mr. Butler—I would not refuse him. I do not come from Connecticut. [Laughter.]

POINT LOOKOUT RAILROAD.—In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Hitchcock, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported, with an amendment, the House bill authorizing the Washington City and Point Lookout Railroad Company to extend their road to Georgetown via Piney Branch and Rock Creek. The amendment strikes out that portion of the bill which requires this company to first remove their tracks between the Insane Asylum and the Potomac, and provides that the company shall construct their road in the county of Washington so as not to impede public travel.

Congress.

In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Hamilton called up the resolution to pay Mr. Sykes, the contestant for Mr. Spencer's seat as Senator from Alabama. Pending consideration the morning hour expired and it went over. Mr. Morton made an unsuccessful effort to have the Compromise Currency bill taken up. The consideration of the Money bill was resumed. A number of amendments were adopted and the bill was finally passed. Only three Senators voted in the negative. The committee on foreign relations reported adversely on the Colorado-Jewett bill for the establishment of telegraph communication between the United States and Asia. The committee on the District of Columbia reported, with amendments, the Washington City and Point Lookout railroad bill. Mr. Morton gave notice that in the morning hour to-day he would move to take up the new currency bill, and he asked the friends of the measure to stand by him until it was disposed of.

In the House of Representatives a bill was passed to amend the act dividing the State of Virginia into two judicial districts. It provides for the holding of two terms at Fredericksburg on the first Mondays of March and September in each year. A bill was passed admitting goods free of duty that have been sunk for over two years and afterwards recovered. The Geneva Award bill was taken up, debated at length, and finally passed by a vote of 122 yeas to 101 nays. A bill was also passed providing for the abatement and repayment of taxes on distilled spirits in bond, destroyed by casualty.

Letter from Culpeper.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

CULPEPER, C. H., June 9.—It is encouraging to report that generally the crops of wheat, oats and grass never looked better for the time of the year in the county of Culpeper. Your correspondent made special observations in certain localities along the line of the Midland railroad, and one of these was at Mitchell's station. Immediately at the station the land has an unprosperous look, there being almost a basin at that point, but not more than a few rods from it is the beginning of one of the finest grass and small grain regions in the Piedmont section. This is well attested by the crops now to be seen on the farms of Mr. J. J. Wharton, Col. D. F. Slaughter, Messrs. Barry, Mount and others. The two latter are settlers from the North. Mr. Barry, who lives on the place of Mrs. Summerville, speaks in the very highest terms of the adaptability of the soil of this locality to all general farming purposes, but particularly for the grasses and small grain. On the place of Mr. Hill, two miles from the station, and immediately on the line of the road, the small grain crops were put in without fertilizers of any kind, and from appearances, the yield will be equal to any sowed in the vicinity with them.

Mr. R. C. Van Wyck, of New York, who is now temporarily sojourning on his fine estate adjoining that of Col. D. F. Slaughter's, is having his lands improved by the very best system of rotation of crops known in his State. In strolling through his and the adjoining hill lands strong indications of the presence of magnetic iron was observable, the black sand in many places adhering in quantities to the magnet when applied.

In conclusion, I will say that at almost every point where crops are observable from the cars, they look well.

The wool crop is coming in, and ready sales are being made at good prices. Yours, H.

Episcopal Church News.

[From the Southern Churchman.]

The annual meeting of the Society of the Alumni of the Theological Seminary of Virginia, will be held at the Seminary, on Wednesday the 24th of June, at 11 o'clock, a. m. The sermon will be preached at 12 m., by the Rev. O. A. Kinsolving of Virginia.

The Chaplains will commence their examinations at the Seminary on Tuesday morning the 16th of June.

The Annual Meeting of the Missionary Society of Leprosy of the Theological Seminary of Va., will be held in the Seminary Chapel on June 24th, at 8 p. m. The Annual Sermon before the Society will be delivered by the Rev. R. B. Duane, of New York. All friends of the Society are invited to be present.

At a meeting of the Standing Committee of this Diocese, June 1st, Rev. John Ambler, was recommended for Priest's Orders; and Messrs. F. G. Scott, Edward Wall, Melville Boyd, Charles J. Holt, Richard Eberly, Theodore Reed George H. Kinsolving, James W. Shields and George W. Nelson, were recommended for Deacon's orders; and Mr. George C. Sutton as a candidate for Orders.

The Rev. S. S. Hepburn, of Loudoun, has accepted the charge of St. Paul's and I. U. Parishes, on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, Diocese of Eastern. We shall all be sorry to part with so earnest a clergyman.

Rev. Francis A. Meade has accepted the rectorship of the Episcopal church in Smithfield, Isle of Wight county.

LOUDOUN COUNTY ITEMS.—[From the Loudoun Mirror.]—Saturday last was observed as memorial day, and, notwithstanding the extreme heat, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the Court House was crowded with men, women and children, from the town and the surrounding country, each laden with sweet-scented offerings, and at the conclusion of the services the procession was formed, headed by the Leesburg brass band, and proceeded to the cemetery, where after an invocation of Divine blessing by Rev. E. J. Davis, the pleasing duty of decorating the graves was performed.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Loudoun Agricultural Society was held on Monday last, Col. John W. Fairfax, the energetic and efficient President declined re-election. The officers chosen for the ensuing year are as follows: President, Maj. B. P. Nolan; 1st Vice President, Joseph Nichols; 2d Vice President, Col. R. H. Dulaney; Treasurer, John W. Wildman; Secretary, H. Broughnigh; Executive Board, Wm. Beverley, D. H. Vandewater, John R. Smith, E. G. Kaufman, A. T. M. Filler, C. B. Wildman, Geo. L. Moore, Geo. R. Head, R. S. Chinn, J. C. Coleman, R. C. Littleton, Thos. E. Taylor. A vote of thanks was tendered Col. Fairfax for the efficiency with which he had conducted the affairs of the Association during the past year.

The ladies of the M. E. Church South, will hold a strawberry festival in the basement of the church, in Leesburg, commencing on Wednesday night which will be kept up on Thursday and Friday nights following.

We are glad to learn that our young townsman, Powell Faulstich, son of Dr. J. F. Faulstich, a student of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, last week passed a successful examination in his first year's studies at that institution.

The first Quarterly meeting for the present Conference year, M. E. Church South, will be held in the church in Leesburg on Saturday and Sunday June 20th and 21st, 1874.

An excursion party will leave F. H. Ferry for the Great Falls on the Potomac on Monday next, the 15th inst.

The Atlantic yacht club regatta came off at New York yesterday, but owing to the state of the weather none of the yachts made the distance in the specified time—eight hours—and subsequently the regatta will be sailed again.

The mercury was 100 degrees in the shade in Richmond, Va., yesterday. There was one fatal case of sunstroke Tuesday, and one case yesterday not fatal.

To the editor of the Alexandria Gazette:

CULPEPER, June 10, 1874.—I am to-day informed that an inopportune rumor, at first ascribed to the Richmond Enquirer, in fact originated in your paper. There are some personal reasons why injustice from Virginians to me is a wound in the house of one's friends. But I take it for granted that you are ready to do justice in all cases.

I am informed that a correspondent from Charlottesville, during the session of the late Diocesan Council, wrote that "the Rev. Dr. Franklin, a high ritualist, preached on Sunday (May 24th) in the Campbell Church." I must be the person referred to, as I did preach there and there, by invitation of the Rev. Dr. Haeckel, who asked others to preach on that Sunday in several places of worship, his own church building being too small to accommodate the congregations.

The reputation of being a "high ritualist," or even a ritualist, is sure to operate to the injury of any clergyman in the Episcopal Church. My record does not entitle me to that designation. In the last General Convention I opposed the proposed Canon against ritualism because I thought it unwise and inconsistent with that serene patience and justice which should always characterize the Church of CHRIST. We have suffered too much already by repressive ecclesiastical legislation. Evils that the healthy action of the spiritual life in "the Body of CHRIST" would correct effectually if time were allowed, are only aggravated by hasty treatment. Excitement, under alarm, may spread and deepen errors and evils, that left to themselves would either pass away, or so develop that they could be seen clearly, and safely removed.

I have spoken freely against what I think the dangers of ritualism, and have published one pamphlet, under my own signature, in which I showed the fallacy of the argument upon which is based the great error of ritualism, viz: Eucharistic adoration. But I think it unworthy the dignity and serenity, which belongs to the Episcopal Church, to raise a hue and cry against a set of men, who, whatever their theology, and however faulty their aesthetic judgment and taste, are doing what the rest of us have not been eminent for, in preaching the Gospel to the poor.

It is possible that this whole party may be Romanists in disguise, and that they are bent upon infecting the Episcopal Church, so that they may drag down many "verts" into moral error and corruption. Whoever thinks this will, of course, treat them as traitors, and charge all with disloyalty who do not "go their length." Such injustice, they who love the Church and are not afraid to trust her, have long been familiar with. But the spirit of party happily does not long prevail, and they must be content and wait, whose good is evil spoken of.

The Episcopal Church holds a position which exposes her to danger on two sides. Her protestantism may lead some of her members to forget that she is not a human organization, but a veritable life bearing outgrowth of "The Church which is His Body." "The Vine which His right hand hath planted." "The Kingdom" established by CHRIST and sent into the world fully organized, endowed with His continual presence, and assured of protection against all foes to the last. Her Catholicity may, on the other side, tempt others, in their longing for unity, to underrate the materialistic theology and idolatrous practices of medievalism.

Surely there is room in the Church for those who, equally watchful against both extremes, are not over hasty in passing judgment on their brethren.

B. FRANKLIN.

[The following is what appeared in the Gazette, telegraphed from Charlottesville, and is the only reference made by our correspondent to Mr. F.]

"Rev. Mr. Franklin, who is a ritualist, will preach on the Baptism of the Holy Ghost in the Church of the Disciples, and it is the desire of the congregation that he shall express his own views, doctrines and sentiments as fully as he would do in his own pulpit. The Disciples or Campbellites are a branch of the Baptists."

[COMMUNICATED.]

At the termination of every fiscal year of the Corporation there is generally an effort made to reduce the salaries of the officers of the Corporation. Of course Council has no right to take the salaries at what they may deem just and right and no applicant for office need accept if the salary does not suit him. But in making a reduction we would respectfully suggest that no discrimination be made. For instance, if one officer receives \$1200 or \$1000, as the case may be, and his salary is reduced \$200, he still receives \$1000 or \$800, whilst the one who receives \$800, by reducing his \$200, will only get \$600. Officers of the Corporation, as a general thing, are much more "sinned against than sinning." It is absolutely necessary, however, to have officers, and when they discharge their duties with faithfulness and fidelity they certainly should meet with some degree of encouragement.

A CARD OF THANKS.—The Cadets of St. John's Academy desire to return their thanks to the following persons for kindness and various attentions shown them during their late trip up the Chesapeake and Ohio canal, viz:

To Samuel Taylor Sheaffer, esp., of the Antietam Iron Works, for kindly affording them a shelter from the rain, which had rendered their stay upon the boat impracticable on the night of the third of June, and to the superintendents and workmen generally for their courtesy in showing them through the works and explaining the processes used there.

To His Honor, Mayor Chambers of Harper's Ferry and his family, and to Mrs. Catharine Hagan, and Cornelius J. Hagan, esp., of Bolivar Heights, for their generous hospitality. To Rev. Messrs. Kain, Robey and Marsh for their cordial welcome and courtesy; and to the young ladies of Harper's Ferry, Camp Hill and Bolivar for their sweet smiles and agreeable company on the fourth.

To the citizens of the Point of Rocks, Harper's Ferry and other places along the line, for their courtesy and the good wishes expressed in behalf of the corps.

To Col. Elisha V. White, of Loudoun, for his care in procuring a suitable boat, and to the ladies and other kind friends who stood so long at the basin to bid them farewell and who met them with smiles of welcome on their return.

To Captain J. Wm. Collier and his assistants, for their uniform courtesy and kindness to the party, and the forbearance and good temper with which they treated the carelessness of those who must have caused them trouble.

RICHARD J. COLLINS,

Major Commanding.

FRANK G. WOODSON,

First Lieutenant and Adjutant.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.—The account of M. Dulaney Ball of the castigation I felt it my duty to inflict upon his cousin, who assumed the whole, entire and personal responsibility of the offense, is a willful and malicious libel. I do not dodge behind newspaper cards, and if M. Dulaney Ball is content to seek redress for alleged wrongs by spasmodic appeals to public sympathy, when the ordinary channels are open to his choosing, it is his selection.

LOUIS E. PAYNE.

BOATS VERY CHEAP, IF SOLD IMMEDIATELY.

A good six-oared LADY-STRICKER GIG, and a four-oared SHELL, with sliding seats.

W. H. GIBSON.

U. S. Treasurer's Office, Washington, D. C.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE just received by J. C. MILBURN.

OFFICIAL.

A STATEMENT of receipts and expenditures of the Corporation of Alexandria for the year ending May 31st, 1874.

EXPENDITURES.	
Salaries of Superintendents of Gas	\$4,891 70
Public schools	799 98
Street cleaning	6,840 00
Street repairs	2,992 70
Pumps and repairs	3,780 75
Printing and advertising	1,214 02
Taxes and licenses returned	790 96

POOR.	
Supplies for Alms House	\$2,885 44
Repairs on " "	413 72
Supplies for city poor	1,850 21
Supplies for almshouse	913 51
Salaries for Alms House and city poor	733 33

Fire Department	6,796 21
Public property	3,336 74
Market square, of which \$2,378 is for fitting up court room	2,322 00
Council and law expenses	3,373 27
Corner's inquest and contingencies for codification of laws, \$300 00	446 49
Corporation Court	676 80
Temporary loans and interest paid	4,416 39
Registered stock redeemed	11,942 12
Corporation due bills redeemed	1,966 00
Coupons of old issue redeemed	115 50
Registered coupons, new issue, red'd	4,738 00
Interest on funded stock	59,477 70
Warrants outstanding 1873 paid 1874	4,156 30
Police officers and extra police	2,222 00
To balance in treasury May 31, 1874	13,359 00
	\$141,662 17

RECEIPTS.	
Balance in treasury May 31, 1874	\$700 33
Cash deposited by Thos. Whittington, Clerk of the Market	218 77
By Geo. W. Clifford sale of manure	39 50
By F. M. Weedon, hay scales	109 62
By W. A. Moore, oxen sold	100 00
By Dr. J. B. Johnson, horse sold	100 00
By Robert S. Ashby, dog licenses	462 01
By same, exchange for new reg. bonds	83 30
By Joseph Hopkins, fish wharf	2,238 95
By W. N. Berkley, Mayor, licenses	9,748 95
By same, fines	1,796 37
By Finance Committee, b. rowed	7,890 00
By John T. Hill, Col. R. North Dist.	62,712 24
By S. K. Field, Col. R. South Dist.	47,693 49
Transferred from Gas Works	6,162 62
Warrants outstanding 1874	1,816 32
	\$141,662 17

May 31, 1874, by balance in treasury	\$752 64
ROBERT S. ASHBY, Auditor.	

Corporation of Alexandria in General Account.

DR.	
Coupon bonds, old issue	\$20,000 00
Registered stock	26,910 00
Back interest due, supposed	5,617 00
Warrants outstanding	1,816 32
Temporary loans unpaid	6,800 00
Due on building American Coal Co's wharf	2,782 62
Due American Coal Co. in Nov.	10,000 00
Reg. coupon bonds, new issue	946,000 00
	\$1,019,825 94

CR.	
Balance in treasury	\$752 64
Good bills in hands of collectors	17,000 00
Value of real estate	30,000 00
Value of Gas Works	128,000 00
Due from Alexandria Canal Co.	192,377 77
Com'n's Sinking Fund	200,000 00
Corporation stock from Treas., under deed January 27, 1869	800 00
Due by Washington & Ohio R. R.	2,000 00
Balance	428,896 03
	\$1,019,825 94

June 1st, 1874.

ROBERT S. ASHBY, Auditor.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON LIGHT.

Amount Expended on Gas Works for Construction.

Cost of Works to June 1st, 1873	\$127,115 69
Amount expended this year to June 1st, 1874	
For meters	236 50
Service and main	798 82
	\$128,121 01

Renel Hook and Ladder Co.....	52 50
Hydraulic Fire Co.....	13 50
Friendship.....	102 60
Columbia.....	103 20
Library.....	
Mayer's office, police headquarters	